Laboratory Diagnosed Mycobacterial Infections in Wisconsin during June 2005

Mycobacterium species		Brown	Calumet	Dane	Eau Claire	La Crosse	Manitowoc	Marathon	Milwaukee	Outagamie	Portage	Racine	Rock	Sheboygan	Washingto n	Waukesha	Winnebago	Wood	
M. tuberculosis complex	Pulm Extra			3					3						1			1	7
Total <i>M. tuberculosis</i> complex				3					4						1			1	9
M. avium complex	Pulm Extra	1		7				1	38 2	2		1	1	1			3	2	57 2
M. gordonae	Pulm Extra	11	1	3	1		1		21 2	1.	1					2	4	1.	37 2
M. chelonae	Pulm Extra	11							2										3 0
M. fortuitum group	Pulm Extra							1	5 1	1_									7
M. kansasii	Pulm Extra																1		0
M. marinum	Pulm Extra					1		1											0 2
M. mucogenicum	Pulm Extra								2										2 0
M. xenopi	Pulm Extra								5										5 0
M. fortuitum complex	Pulm Extra					1													0
TOTALS		3	1	10	1	2	1	3	78	4	1	1	1	1	0	2	8	3	120

Extra-Pulmonary Sources of Isolation:

M. tuberculosis Extra-pulmonary:	1 pleural biopsy, 1 neck mass						
M. avium complex Extra-pulmonary:	1 stool, 1 blood						
M. gordonae Extra-pulmonary:	1 urine, 1 stool						
Other Mycobacterium species	1 fortuitum group submandibular, 1 marinum nodule, 1 marinum arm						

Antibiotic Susceptibilities:

All nine of the TBC isolates reported are from Wisconsin TB cases. 6 of the isolates were susceptible to all TB first-line drugs tested.

Source: Mycobacteriology Laboratory Network Data Report, Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene, Madison, WI

¹ isolate was resistant to INH (0.2 mcg/ml) but susceptible to INH (1.0 mcg/ml), rifampin, ethambutol and PZA.

² isolates were resistant to both concentrations of INH (0.2 and 1.0 mcg/ml) and susceptible to rifampin, ethambutol and PZA.